# Units 1-8

# **Cumulative Review**

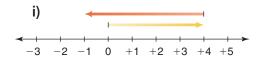
#### UNIT

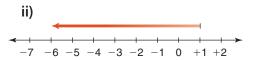
1. a) Use algebra. Write a relation for this Input/ Output table.

b) Graph the

Input n	Output
1	6
2	10
3	14
4	18

- relation. c) Describe the graph.
- d) Explain how the graph illustrates the relation.
- e) Suggest a real-life situation this graph could represent.
- 2. The Grade 7 students are organizing an end-of-the-year dance. The disc jockey charges a flat rate of \$85. The cost to attend the dance is \$2 per student.
  - a) How much will the dance cost if 30 students attend? 50 students attend?
  - b) Write a relation for the cost of the dance when s students attend.
  - c) Suppose the cost of admission doubles. Write a relation for the total cost of the dance for s students.
  - d) Suppose the cost of the disc jockey doubles. Write a relation for the total cost of the dance for s students.
- **3.** a) Write the addition equation modelled by each number line.
  - b) Describe a situation that each number line could represent.





- 4. On January 11, the predicted high and low temperatures in Flin Flon, Manitoba were  $-4^{\circ}$ C and  $-13^{\circ}$ C.
  - a) Which is the high temperature and which is the low temperature?
  - b) What is the difference in temperatures?
- **5.** Use front-end estimation to estimate each sum or difference.

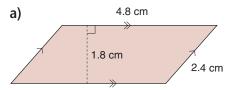
- **6.** A store has a sale. It will pay the tax if your purchase totals \$25 or more. Justin buys a computer game for \$14.95, some batteries for \$7.99, and a gaming magazine for \$5.95.
  - a) How much money did Justin spend, before taxes?
  - b) Did Justin spend enough money to avoid paying tax? If your answer is yes, how much more than \$25 did Justin spend? If your answer is no, how much more would he need to spend and not pay the tax?

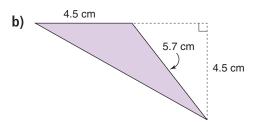
### UNIT

- 7. Write each fraction as a percent, then as a decimal.
- **b)**  $\frac{7}{25}$  **c)**  $\frac{9}{10}$
- d)  $\frac{8}{200}$
- **8.** This Chinese Yin Yang symbol is made from 5 circles. Suppose the radius of each medium-sized circle is 5 cm. What is the diameter of the largest circle? What assumptions did you make? Explain how you solved the problem.



- **9.** A car tire has radius about 29 cm.
  - a) What is the diameter of the tire?
  - b) Calculate the circumference of the tire.
  - c) How far has the car tire moved after one complete rotation? Give your answer to the nearest whole number.
  - d) About how many rotations will the tire make when the car travels 10 m?
- **10.** Find the area of each shape.





- 5 11. Use a model to show each sum. Sketch the model. Write an addition equation for each picture.

  - a)  $\frac{3}{5} + \frac{2}{10}$  b)  $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{12}$
  - c)  $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{7}{8}$  d)  $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{5}{6}$
  - **12.** A baker's cookie recipe calls for  $6\frac{1}{8}$  cups of white sugar and
    - $4\frac{1}{3}$  cups of brown sugar.
    - a) Estimate how much more white sugar is called for.
    - b) Calculate how much more white sugar is called for.
    - c) Draw a diagram to model your calculations in part b.
- **13.** In a coin toss game, heads score +1 and tails score -1.
  - a) Write an equation you can use to solve each problem.
  - b) Solve the equation using tiles.
  - c) Verify each solution. Show your work.
    - i) Meliq tossed a tail. He then had -2 points. How many points did Melig have to begin with?
    - ii) Vera tossed a head. She then had -3 points. How many points did Vera have to begin with?

#### UNIT

- Write an equation you could use to solve each problem.Solve each equation by systematic trial or by inspection.
  - a) Camille bought 9 teen
    magazines for \$63.
     She paid the same amount for
    each magazine. How much did
    each magazine cost?
  - b) Nicolas collects fishing lures. He lost 27 of his lures on a fishing trip. Nicolas has 61 lures left. How many lures did he have to begin with?
- 7 **15.** Mary is a real estate agent in Lethbridge. One month she sold 7 houses at these prices: \$171 000, \$165 000, \$178 000, \$161 000, \$174 000, \$168 000, \$240 000
  - a) Find the median price.
  - b) Do you think the mean price is greater than or less than the median price? Explain.
     Calculate to check.
  - c) What is the range of these prices?
  - **16.** Use these data: 28, 30, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 37, 38, 39, 41
    - a) Find the mean, median, and mode.
    - b) What happens to the mean, median, and mode in each case?
      - i) Each number is increased by 10.
      - ii) Each number is doubled. Explain the results.

- **17.** The masses, in tonnes, of household garbage collected in a municipality each weekday in April are: 285, 395, 270, 305, 320, 300, 290, 310, 315, 295, 310, 295, 305, 325, 315, 310, 305, 300, 325, 305, 305, 300
  - a) Calculate the mean, median, and mode for the data.
  - b) What are the outliers?Explain your choice. Calculate the mean without the outliers.What do you notice? Explain.
  - c) When might you want to include the outliers? Explain.
- **18.** This table shows the hourly wages of the employees at *Tea Break for You*.

<b>Hourly Wage</b>	Number of Employees
\$7.50	4
\$7.75	6
\$8.00	3
\$8.50	3
\$8.75	2
\$10.00	1
\$12.50	1

- a) Find the mean, median, and mode for these hourly wages.
- b) Which measure best represents the wages? Explain.
- c) What are the outliers? How is each average affected when the outliers are not included? Explain.
- d) Who might earn the wages that are outliers? Explain.

## UNIT

**19.** Is this conclusion true or false? Explain.

The mean test score was 68%. Therefore, one-half the class scored above 68%.

- **20.** Write the probability of each event as many different ways as you can.
  - a) Roll a 4 on a number cube labelled 1 to 6.
  - **b)** December immediately follows November.
  - c) Pick a red cube from a bag that contains 3 blue cubes, 4 green cubes, and 5 yellow cubes.
- **21.** a) List the possible outcomes for rolling an octahedron labelled 1 to 8 and rolling a die labelled 1 to 6.
  - **b)** Why are the events in part a independent?
  - c) For how many outcomes are both numbers rolled less than 3?
- Draw line segment MN.Mark a point P not on MN.Draw a line segment perpendicular to MN that passes through point P.
  - 23. a) Draw line segment FG of length 7 cm. Use a ruler and compass to construct the perpendicular bisector of FG. Explain how you can check that the line you drew is the perpendicular bisector.

- b) Draw ∠PQR = 140°. Use any method to bisect the angle. Use another method to check that the bisector you have drawn is correct.
- **24.** Suppose you are given the coordinates of a point. You do not plot the point. How can you tell which quadrant the point will be in?
- **25.** a) Plot these points: A(5, 10), B(-5, 10), C(-5, 0), D(-15, 0), E(-15, 10), F(-25, 10), G(-25, -20), H(-15, -20), J(-15, -10), K(-5, -10), L(-5, -20), M(5, -20)
  - **b)** Join the points in order. Then join M to A.
  - c) Explain how you chose the scale.
  - d) Describe the shape you have drawn.
- **26.** A triangle has vertices C(-1, 5), D(3, 5), and E(3, -1).
  - a) Plot, then join, the points to draw  $\triangle CDE$ .
  - b) Translate  $\triangle$ CDE 2 units left and 4 units up. Write the coordinates of each vertex of the image  $\triangle$ C'D'E'.
  - c) Reflect  $\triangle C'D'E'$  in the *x*-axis. Write the coordinates of each vertex of the image  $\triangle C''D''E''$ .
  - d) Rotate △C"D"E" 90°
     counterclockwise about the origin.
     Write the coordinates of each vertex of the image △C""D""E".

**7.a) i)** 12 units

ii) 11 units

**b) i)** 8 units

ii) 6 units

**8.** (-1, 1) and (3, -1)

**9.a)** PQRS has only one pair of parallel sides.

**b)** P'(7, 1), Q'(11, 1), R'(9, 3), S'(7, 3)

c) P''(7,-1), Q''(11,-1), R''(9,-3), S''(7,-3)

d) PQRS and P"Q"R"S" are congruent, but have different orientations.

**10.b)** P'(3,-1), Q'(7,-1), R'(5,-3), S'(3,-3)

c) P''(7,-1), Q''(11,-1), R''(9,-3), S''(7,-3)Yes, the image remains the same when the

translation and rotation are reversed.

**11.c)** All the images are congruent.

Under the translation and rotation, the images have the same orientation as quadrilateral ABCD. Under the reflection, the orientation of the image is changed.

- 12.a) A would be in Quadrant 4, B would be on the negative x-axis, between Quadrants 2 and 3, C would be in Quadrant 2.
  - **b)** Reflection
  - **c)** A 90° or 270° (-90°) rotation
- **13.b)** C'(1, 1), D'(-9, 7), E'(1, 7)
  - c) C''(-1, 1), D''(-7, -9), E''(-7, 1)
  - d) ABC and A"B"C" are congruent; they have the same orientation.

# Unit 8 Practice Test, page 337

- **4.b)** A'(-4, -3), B'(2, -3), C'(1, 1), D'(-3, 0)
  - c) A'(2, 4), B'(8, 4), C'(7, 8), D'(3, 7)
  - d) A translation 4 units right and 4 units up
  - **e)** The image remains the same.

### Cumulative Review Units 1-8, page 342

- **1.a)** 4n + 2
  - c) The graph goes up to the right. When the Input number increases by 1, the Output number increases by 4.
- **2.a)** \$145; \$185
  - **b)** 85 + 2s
  - **c)** 85 + 4s
  - **d)** 170 + 2s
- **3.a)** i) (+4) + (-5) = -1**ii)** (+1) + (-7) = -6
- **4.a)** High: -4°C; low: -13°C
- **b)**  $+9^{\circ}$ C or  $-9^{\circ}$ C
- **5.a)** About 9
  - **b)** About 3
  - c) About 35
  - **d)** About 249
- **6.a)** \$28.89 **b)** Yes; Justin spent \$3.89 more.
- **7.a)** 75%, 0.75

- **b)** 28%, 0.28
- **c)** 90%, 0.9
- **d)** 4%, 0.04
- **8.** 20 cm; I assume the medium-sized circles touch the large circle and each other.
- 9.a) About 58 cm
  - **b)** About 182.21 cm
  - c) About 182 cm
  - d) About 5 rotations
- **10.a)** 8.64 cm<sup>2</sup>
  - **b)**  $10.125 \text{ cm}^2$
- **11.a)**  $\frac{8}{10} = \frac{4}{5}$ 
  - **b)**  $\frac{5}{12}$
  - **c)**  $\frac{9}{8} = 1\frac{1}{8}$
  - **d)**  $\frac{13}{12} = 1 \frac{1}{12}$
- 12.a) About 2 cups more
  - **b)**  $\frac{43}{24} = 1\frac{19}{24}$  cups
- **13.a)** i) x-1=-2
  - ii) x + 1 = -3
  - **b)** i) x = -1
    - **ii)** x = -4
- **14.a)** 9x = 63; x = 7; \$7
  - **b)** x 27 = 61; x = 88; 88 lures
- **15.a)** \$171 000
  - **b)** The mean prize is greater than the median: About 179 571
  - c) 79 000
- **16.a)** Mean = 34; median = 33.5; mode = 30
  - **b)** i) Mean = 44; median = 43.5; mode = 40The mean, median, and mode increase by 10.
    - ii) Mean = 68; median = 67; mode = 60The mean, median, and mode double.
- **17.a)** Mean  $\pm 308.4$ ; median = 305; mode = 305
  - b) Outlier: 395

Mean  $\pm 304.3$ ; median = 305; mode = 305

The mean decreases. The median and the mode remain the same.

- **18.a)** Mean = \$8.30, median = \$7.88; mode = \$7.75
  - b) Mean
  - **c)** Outliers: \$10.00 and \$12.50

Mean = \$7.97; median = \$7.75; mode = \$7.75

The mean and the median decrease.

The mode remains the same.

19.False

**20.a)** 
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
, 0.1 $\overline{6}$ , about 16%

**b)** 
$$\frac{100}{100}$$
, 1, 100%

c) 0, 0%

- **b)** The outcome of rolling an octahedron does not depend on the outcome of rolling a die.
- **c)**  $\frac{4}{48} = \frac{1}{12}$ , or  $0.08\overline{3}$ , or about 8.3%

- **24.** Answers may vary. For example: If both coordinates are positive, the point is in Quadrant 1. If the *x*-coordinate is negative and the *y*-coordinate is positive, the point is in Quadrant 2. If both coordinates are negative, the point is in Quadrant 3. If the *x*-coordinate is positive and the *y*-coordinate is negative, the point is in Quadrant 4. If the *x*-coordinate is 0, the point is on the *y*-axis. If the *y*-coordinate is 0, the point is on
- **25.a)** Each grid square represents 5 units.

d) H

the *x*-axis.

**c)** 
$$C''(-3, -9)$$
,  $D''(1, -9)$ ,  $E''(1, -3)$