2. Use a model to show each sum. Sketch the model.

Write an addition equation for each picture.

- a) $\frac{7}{8} + \frac{1}{2}$ b) $\frac{3}{10} + \frac{2}{5}$ c) $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{2}$ d) $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{5}{6}$ e) $\frac{3}{6} + \frac{1}{12}$ f) $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{2}{8}$ g) $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2}$ h) $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{4}{10}$
- Simon spends ¹/₆ h practising the whistle flute each day.
 He also spends ¹/₃ h practising the drums.
 How much time does Simon spend each day practising these instruments?
 Show how you found your solution.
- 4. a) Add.
 - i) $\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5}$ ii) $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3}$ iii) $\frac{4}{10} + \frac{3}{10}$ iv) $\frac{1}{6} + \frac{3}{6}$
 - b) Look at your work in part a. How did you find your solutions? How else could you add fractions with like denominators?
- **5.** Is each sum greater than 1 or less than 1? How can you tell? **a)** $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{2}{4}$ **b)** $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{7}{5}$ **c)** $\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4}$ **d)** $\frac{1}{10} + \frac{3}{10}$
- 6. Assessment Focus Bella added 2 fractions. Their sum was $\frac{5}{6}$. Which 2 fractions might Bella have added? Find as many pairs of fractions as you can. Show your work.
- Asani's family had bannock with their dinner. The bannock was cut into 8 equal pieces. Asani ate 1 piece, her brother ate 2 pieces, and her mother ate 3 pieces.
 - a) What fraction of the bannock did Asani eat?Her brother? Her mother?
 - b) What fraction of the bannock was eaten?What fraction was left?



Reflect

Which fractions can you add using Pattern Blocks? Fraction circles? Give an example of fractions for which you cannot use these models to add.

Using Other Models to Add Fractions

Focus

Use fraction strips and number lines to add fractions.

We can use an area model to show fractions of one whole.

Explore

Your teacher will give you a copy of the map. The map shows a section of land owned by 6 people.

What fraction of land did each person own?
 What strategies did you use to find out?

Three people sold land to the other 3 people.

- Use the clues below to draw the new map.
- Write addition equations, such as $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$, to keep track of the land sales.
 - When all the sales were finished, four people owned all the land — Smith, Perry, Chan, and Haynes.
 - **2.** Smith now owns $\frac{1}{2}$ of the land.
 - 3. Perry kept $\frac{1}{2}$ of her land, and sold the other half.
 - 4. Chan bought land from two other people. He now owns $\frac{1}{4}$ of the land.
 - 5. Haynes now owns the same amount of land as Perry started with.

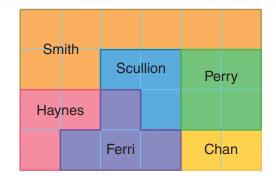
Reflect & Share

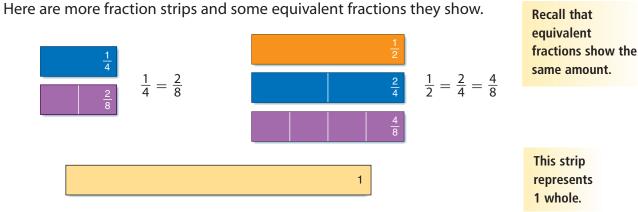
Did you find any equivalent fractions? How do you know they are equivalent? Which clues helped you most to draw the new map? Explain how they helped.



You can model fractions with strips of paper called **fraction strips**.



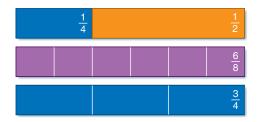




To add $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2}$, align the strips for $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$.

Find a single strip that has the same length as the two strips.

There are 2 single strips: $\frac{6}{8}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ So, $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{6}{8}$ And, $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ and $\frac{6}{8}$ are equivalent fractions.

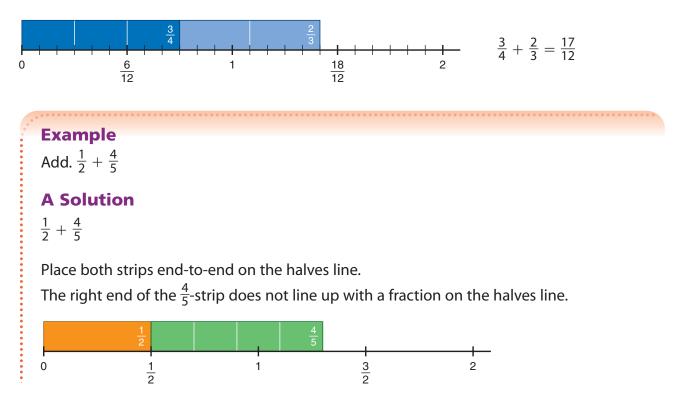


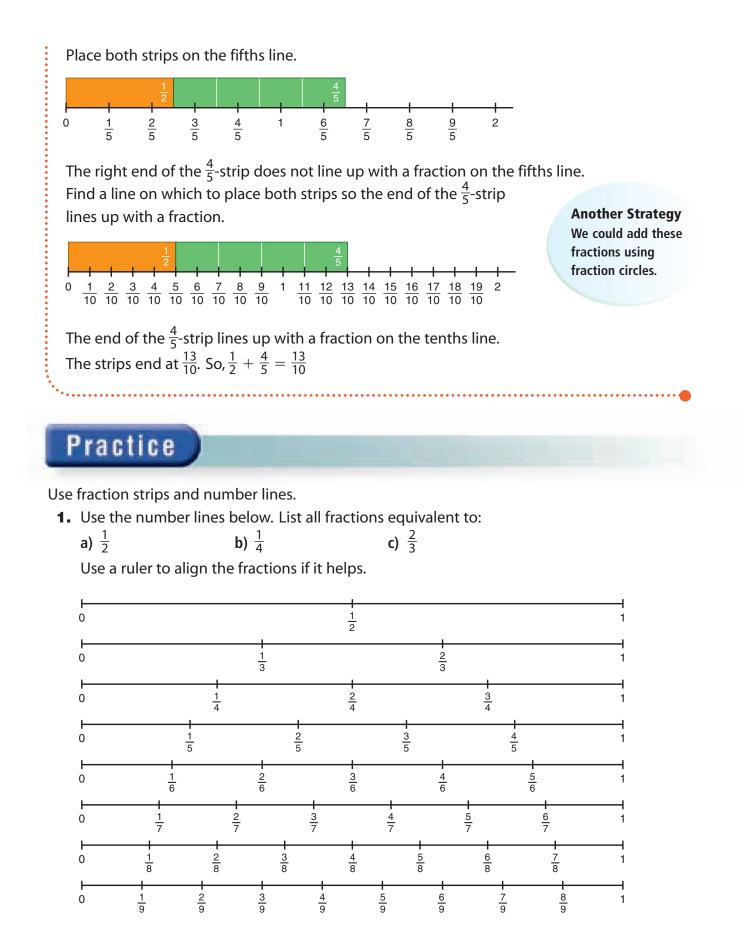
The fraction $\frac{3}{4}$ is in simplest form.

A fraction is in **simplest form** when the numerator

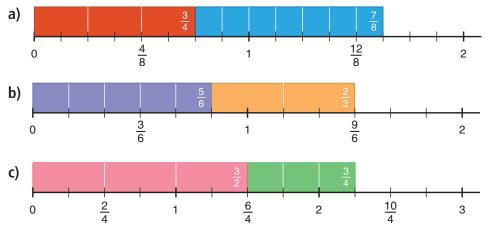
and denominator have no common factors other than 1.

When the sum is greater than 1, we could use fraction strips and a number line.





2. Write an addition equation for each picture.



- **3.** Use your answers to question 2.
 - a) Look at the denominators in each part, and the number line you used to get the answer. What patterns do you see?
 - **b)** The denominators in each part of question 2 are **related denominators**. Why do you think they have this name?
- **4.** Add.
 - a) $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{5}{6}$ b) $\frac{7}{12} + \frac{1}{3}$ c) $\frac{3}{5} + \frac{1}{10}$ d) $\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{12}$
- 5. Add.
 - a) $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2}$ b) $\frac{3}{4} + \frac{5}{6}$ c) $\frac{3}{5} + \frac{1}{2}$ d) $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{5}$
- 6. Look at your answers to question 5.
 - a) Look at the denominators in each part, and the number line you used to get the answer. What patterns do you see?
 - b) The denominators in each part of question 5 are called unrelated denominators. Why do you think they have this name?
 - c) When you add 2 fractions with unrelated denominators, how do you decide which number line to use?
- **7.** Add.
 - a) $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{2}{7}$ b) $\frac{3}{4} + \frac{2}{9}$ c) $\frac{4}{5} + \frac{5}{8}$ d) $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{3}{7}$
- 8. Abey and Anoki are eating chocolate bars.

The bars are the same size.

Abey has $\frac{3}{4}$ left. Anoki has $\frac{5}{6}$ left.

How much chocolate is left altogether? Show your work.

9. Assessment Focus Use any of the digits

1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 only once. Copy and complete. Replace each \Box with a digit.



a) Find as many sums as you can that are between 1 and 2.b) Find the least sum that is greater than 1.

Show your work.

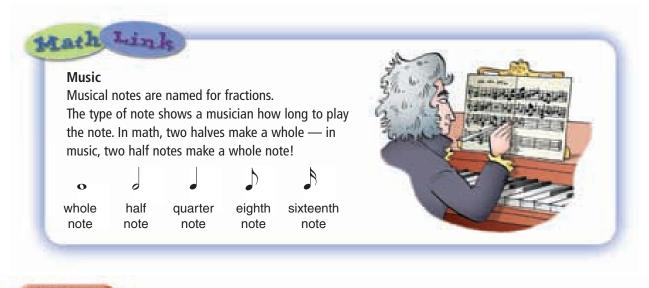
- **10.** Find 2 fractions with a sum of $\frac{3}{2}$. Try to do this as many ways as you can. Record each way you find.
- **11. Take It Further** A jug holds 2 cups of liquid. A recipe for punch is

 $\frac{1}{2}$ cup of orange juice, $\frac{1}{4}$ cup of raspberry juice,

 $\frac{3}{8}$ cup of grapefruit juice, and $\frac{5}{8}$ cup of lemonade.

Is the jug big enough for the punch? Explain how you know.

12. Take It Further A pitcher of juice is half empty. After $\frac{1}{2}$ cup of juice is added, the pitcher is $\frac{3}{4}$ full. How much juice does the pitcher hold when it is full? Show your thinking.



Reflect

What do you now know about adding fractions that you did not know at the beginning of the lesson?